process has concluded and the initial denial or withdrawal has been upheld unless a school whose certification is withdrawn or whose recertification is denied is suspected of criminal activity or poses a potential national security threat. The school will no longer be able to access SEVIS, and SEVP will automatically terminate any remaining Active SEVIS records for that school on the SEVIS access termination date.

(3) Legal obligations and ramifications for a school and its DSOs when a school is having SEVP certification denied or withdrawn. Schools are obligated to their students to provide the programs of study to which they have committed themselves in the students’ application for enrollment and acceptance process. Schools are obligated to the U.S. government to comply with the recordkeeping, retention, and reporting and related materials contained in 8 CFR 214.3. With any new petition for SEVP certification, SEVP will consider the extent to which a school has fulfilled these obligations to students and the U.S. government during any previous period of SEVP certification.

§ 214.13 SEVIS fee for certain F, J, and M nonimmigrants.

(a) Applicability. The following aliens are required to submit a payment in the amount indicated for their status to the Student and Exchange Visitor Program (SEVP) in advance of obtaining nonimmigrant status as an F or M student or J exchange visitor, in addition to any other applicable fees, except as otherwise provided for in this section:

(1) An alien who applies for F–1 or F–3 status in order to enroll in a program of study at an SEVP-certified institution, including a flight school, in the amount of $200:

(b) Aliens not subject to a fee. No SEVIS fee is required with respect to:

(1) A J–1 exchange visitor who is coming to the United States as a participant in an exchange visitor program sponsored by the Federal government, identified by a program identifier designation prefix of G–1, G–2, G–3, or G–7;

Michael Chertoff,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. E8–22786 Filed 9–25–08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111–28–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY
Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

12 CFR Part 3

[Docket ID OCC–2008–0015]

RIN 1557–AD15

Risk-Based Capital Guidelines—Money Market Mutual Funds

AGENCY: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury.

ACTION: Interim final rule with request for public comment.

SUMMARY: To reduce liquidity and other strains being experienced by money market mutual funds, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System adopted on September 19, 2008, a special lending facility that enables depository institutions and bank holding companies to borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston on a nonrecourse basis if they use the proceeds of the loan to purchase certain types of asset-backed commercial paper (ABCP) from money market mutual funds. This lending facility is referenced to as the ABCP Lending Facility. To facilitate the ability of national banks to participate in the program, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) has adopted, on an interim final basis, an exemption from its risk-based capital guidelines for ABCP held by a national bank as a result of its participation in this program.

DATES: This interim final rule is effective on September 19, 2008. However, comments must be received on or before October 31, 2008.

ADDRESSES: Because paper mail in the Washington, DC area and at the OCC is subject to delay, commenters are encouraged to submit comments by e-mail, if possible. Please use the title “Risk-Based Capital Guidelines—Money Market Mutual Funds” to facilitate the organization and distribution of the comments. You may submit comments by any of the following methods:

† Federal eRulemaking Portal—“ Regulations.gov”: Go to http://www.regulations.gov, under the “More Search Options” tab click next to the “Advanced Docket Search” option where indicated, select “Comptroller of the Currency” from the agency drop-down menu, then click “Submit.” In the “Docket ID” column, select “OCC–2008–0015” to submit or view public comments and to view supporting and related materials for this interim final rule. The “How to Use This Site” link on the Regulations.gov home page provides information on using Regulations.gov, including instructions for submitting or viewing public comments, viewing other supporting and related materials, and viewing the docket after the close of the comment period.

† E-mail: regs.comments@occ.treas.gov.

† Mail: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, 250 E Street, SW., Mail Stop 1–5, Washington, DC 20219.

† Fax: (202) 874–4448.

† Hand Delivery/Courier: 250 E Street, SW., Attn: Public Information Room, Mail Stop 1–5, Washington, DC 20219.

Instructions: You must include “OCC” as the agency name and “Docket ID OCC–2008–0015” in your comment. In general, OCC will enter all comments received into the docket and publish them on the Regulations.gov Web site without change, including any business or personal information that you provide such as name and address information, e-mail addresses, or phone numbers. Comments received, including attachments and other supporting materials, are part of the public record and subject to public disclosure. Do not enclose any information in your comment or supporting materials that you consider confidential or inappropriate for public disclosure.

You may review comments and other related materials that pertain to this interim final rule by any of the following methods:

† Viewing Comments Electronically: Go to http://www.regulations.gov, under the “More Search Options” tab click next to the “Advanced Docket Search” option where indicated, select “Comptroller of the Currency” from the agency drop-down menu, then click “Submit.” In the “Docket ID” column, select “OCC–2008–0015” to view public comments for this rulemaking action.
For further information contact: Margot Schwadron, Senior Risk Expert, (202) 874–6022, Capital Policy Division; Ron Shimabukuro, Senior Counsel; or Hugh Carney, Attorney, Legislative and Regulatory Activities Division, (202) 874–5090; Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, 250 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20219.

Supplementary Information:

Introduction; Description of Interim Final Rule

In light of the ongoing dislocations in the financial markets, and the impact of such dislocations on the functioning of the markets for ABCP and on the operations of money market mutual funds, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System adopted the ABCP Lending Facility on September 19, 2008. Under the ABCP Lending Facility, depository institutions and bank holding companies (banking organizations) are able to borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston on a nonrecourse basis on condition that the banking organizations use the proceeds of the Federal Reserve credit to purchase, at amortized cost, certain highly rated U.S. dollar-denominated ABCP from money market mutual funds. The ABCP purchased must be used to secure the borrowing from the Reserve Bank. The purpose of the ABCP Lending Facility is to assist money market mutual funds. For the same reasons, the OCC finds good cause to publish this interim final rule with an immediate effective date.4

Although notice and comment are not required prior to the effective date of this interim final rule, the OCC invites comments on all aspects of the rule and will revise it if necessary or appropriate in light of the comments received.

Regulatory Analysis

Executive Order 12,866

For the reasons described elsewhere in the Supplementary Information the OCC’s issuance of this interim final rule is subject to the procedures set forth in Section 6(a)(3)(D) of Executive Order 12,866.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96–354, Sept. 19, 1980) (RFA) applies only to rules for which an agency publishes a general notice of proposed rulemaking pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b).5 Pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) at 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), general notice and an opportunity for public comment are not required prior to the issuance of a final rule when an agency, for good cause, finds that “notice and public procedure thereon are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest.”6

As discussed above, the OCC has determined for good cause that the APA does not require general notice and public comment on this interim final rule and, therefore, we are not publishing a general notice of proposed rulemaking. Thus, the RFA, pursuant to

1 See 12 CFR Part 3.

4 Id.
5 5 U.S.C. 601(2).
5 U.S.C. 601(2), does not apply to this interim final rule.

**Paperwork Reduction Act**

In accordance with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3506), we have reviewed the interim final rule to assess any information collections. There are no collections of information as defined by the Paperwork Reduction Act in the interim final rule.

**Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995**

Section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104–4 (2 U.S.C. 1532) (Unfunded Mandates Act), requires that an agency prepare a budgetary impact statement before promulgating any rule likely to result in a Federal mandate that may result in the expenditure by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of $100 million or more in any one year. The OCC has determined that there is no Federal mandate imposed by this rulemaking. Accordingly, the interim final rule is not subject to section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Act.

**List of Subjects in 12 CFR Part 3**

Administrative practices and procedure, Capital, National banks, Reporting and recordkeeping, Risk.

**Authority and Issuance**

- For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency amends Part 3 of chapter I of Title 12, Code of Federal Regulations as follows:

**PART 3—MINIMUM CAPITAL RATIOS; ISSUANCE OF DIRECTIVES**

1. The authority citation for part 3 continues to read as follows:

   **Authority:** 12 U.S.C. 93a, 161, 1818, 1828(n), 1828 note, 1831n note, 1835, 3907, and 3909.

2. In Appendix A to part 3, section 3(a)(1) is amended to add new paragraph (ix) to read as follows:

**PART 3—MINIMUM CAPITAL RATIOS; ISSUANCE OF DIRECTIVES**

Appendix A to Part 3—Risk-Based Capital Guidelines

(A) Purchased by the bank between September 19, 2008, and January 30, 2009 (unless further extended by the OCC, from an Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)-registered open-end investment company that holds itself out as a money market mutual fund under SEC Rule 2a–7 (17 CFR 270.2a–7); and

(B) Pledged by the bank to a Federal Reserve Bank to secure financing from the ABCP lending facility established by the Federal Reserve Board on September 19, 2008.

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John C. Dugan,
Comptroller of the Currency.

[F.R. Doc. E8–22720 Filed 9–25–08; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4810–33–P**

**FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM**

12 CFR Parts 208 and 225

[Regulations H and Y; Docket No. 1332]

**Risk-Based Capital Guidelines; Leverage Capital Guidelines**

**AGENCY:** Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

**ACTION:** Interim final rule with request for public comment.

**SUMMARY:** To reduce liquidity and other strains being experienced by money market mutual funds, the Federal Reserve System adopted on September 19, 2008, a special lending facility (ABCP Lending Facility) that enables depository institutions and bank holding companies to borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston on a nonrecourse basis if they use the proceeds of the loan to purchase certain types of asset-backed commercial paper (ABCP) from money market mutual funds. To facilitate this Federal Reserve lending program, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Board) also has adopted, on an interim final basis, an exemption from its leverage and risk-based capital rules for ABCP held by a state member bank or bank holding company as a result of its participation in this program.

**DATES:** The interim final rule became effective on September 19, 2008. Comments must be received on or before October 31, 2008.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. R–1332, by any of the following methods:


- E-mail: regs.comments@federalreserve.gov. Include docket number in the subject line of the message.

- Fax: (202) 452–3819 or (202) 452–3102.

- Mail: Jennifer J. Johnson, Secretary, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20551.

All public comments are available from the Board’s Web site at http://www.federalreserve.gov/generalinfo/foia/ProposedRegs.cfm as submitted, unless modified for technical reasons. Accordingly, your comments will not be edited to remove any identifying or contact information. Public comments may also be viewed electronically or in paper form in Room MP–500 of the Board’s Martin Building (20th and C Street, NW) between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. on weekdays.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Mark E. Van Der Weide, Assistant General Counsel, (202) 452–2263, or Andrea R. Tolkheim, Counsel, (202) 452–2300, Legal Division; Barbara J. Bouchard, Associate Director, (202) 452–3072, or Juan C. Climent, Senior Supervisory Financial Analyst, (202) 872–7526, Division of Banking Supervision and Regulation. For the hearing impaired only, Telecommunication Device for the Deaf (TDD), (202) 263–4869.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In light of the ongoing dislocations in the financial markets, and the impact of such dislocations on the functioning of the markets for ABCP and on the operations of money market mutual funds, the Board adopted the ABCP Lending Facility on September 19, 2008. Under the ABCP Lending Facility, depository institutions and bank holding companies (banking organizations) are able to borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston on a nonrecourse basis on condition that the organizations use the proceeds of the Federal Reserve credit to purchase, at amortized cost, certain highly rated U.S. dollar-denominated ABCP from money market mutual funds. The ABCP purchased must be used to secure the borrowing from the Reserve Bank. The purpose of the ABCP Lending Facility is to assist money market mutual funds to obtain liquidity by enabling them to sell some of their high-credit-quality secured assets at amortized cost. The ABCP Lending Facility will expire on January