

PUBLIC DISCLOSURE

October 7, 2024

COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT ACT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

First National Bank of South Carolina Charter Number 10680

801 Gilway Street Holly Hill, South Carolina 29059-3421

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

101 South Tryon Street, Suite 400 Charlotte, NC 28280

NOTE: This document is an evaluation of this institution's record of meeting the credit needs of its entire community, including low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, consistent with safe and sound operation of the institution. This evaluation is not, and should not be construed as, an assessment of the financial condition of this institution. The rating assigned to this institution does not represent an analysis, conclusion, or opinion of the federal financial supervisory agency concerning the safety and soundness of this financial institution.

Table of Contents

Overall CRA Rating	1
Description of Institution	2
Scope of the Evaluation	2
Discriminatory or Other Illegal Credit Practices Review	4
State Rating	5
State of South Carolina	5
Lending Test	9
Appendix A: Scope of Examination	A-1
Appendix B: Summary of MMSA and State Ratings	B-1
Appendix C: Definitions and Common Abbreviations	C-1
Appendix D: Tables of Performance Data	D-1

Overall CRA Rating

Institution's CRA Rating: This institution is rated Satisfactory.

The lending test is rated: Satisfactory.

The major factors that support this rating include:

- The Lending Test rating is based on the performance in the State of South Carolina, which reflected an excellent geographic distribution and reasonable distribution of loans to borrowers of different income levels and businesses of different revenue sizes.
- The loan-to-deposit (LTD) ratio during the evaluation period is reasonable.
- A substantial majority of originated loans during this three-year evaluation period were inside the bank's assessment areas (AAs).

Loan-to-Deposit Ratio

Considering the bank's size, financial condition, and credit needs of the AA(s), the bank's loan-to-deposit ratio is reasonable.

During the 12-quarter period of the evaluation cycle, the bank's quarterly loan-to-deposit ratio averaged 41.79 percent, with a range of 37.33 percent to 49.48 percent. The bank's average quarterly LTD ratio is reasonable when compared to the average quarterly LTD ratio of 62.0 percent for similar asset-sized institutions in South Carolina. The average quarterly LTD ratio for similar asset-sized institutions ranged from a quarterly low of 23.69 percent to a high of 92.95 percent over the same period.

Lending in Assessment Area

A substantial majority of the bank's loans are inside its assessment areas.

The bank originated 93.5 percent of its total loans inside the bank's AAs during the evaluation period. This analysis is performed at the bank level, rather than the AA level. This percentage does not include extensions of credit by affiliates that may be considered under the other performance criteria.

	Table	D - Le	nding I	nside	and Out	side of the A	Assessi	ment Area		
	N	umber	of Loans			Dollar A	mount (of Loans \$(00	0s)	
Loan Category	Insi	de	Outs	side	Total	Inside		Outsid	e	Total
	#	%	#	%	#	\$	%	\$	%	\$
Small Business	90	97.8	2	2.2	92	10,895	82.6	2,300	17.4	13,195
Home Mortgage	68	88.3	9	11.7	77	14,763	86.6	2,286	13.4	17,049
Total	158	93.5	11	6.5	169	25,658	84.8	4,586	15.2	30,244

Description of Institution

First National Bank of South Carolina (FNB) is an intrastate bank headquartered in Holly Hill, South Carolina. It is wholly owned by FNB Corporation.

As of June 30, 2024, total assets were \$284.4 million, with tier 1 capital totaling \$32.7 million and representing 11.49 percent of total assets. FNB's loan portfolio totaled \$135.4 million with the bank's primary products being represented by non-farm non-residential lending, and 1-4 family residential real estate lending. These two categories represented 47.57 percent and 31.34 percent of total loans respectively.

For the three-year evaluation period of January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2023, commercial loans and residential mortgage loans represented the majority of the bank's total loan originations by dollar amount.

FNB has two assessment areas (AAs) consisting of Berkeley and Dorchester Counties in the Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA and five contiguous census tracts in Orangeburg County, a non-MSA. The bank operates eight full-service branches in these two AAs. The main office in Holly Hill and one branch office are located in the western portion of Orangeburg County, and the remaining six branches are in Berkeley and Dorchester counties. FNB operates drive-up windows and has automated teller machines (ATMs) at each branch location. There are no standalone ATMs.

FNB offers numerous deposit and savings accounts for both consumer and commercial customers. The bank also offers a wide range of commercial, consumer, and home mortgage loans for various purposes. Home mortgage products include conventional, government-insured, and guaranteed loans through the Federal Housing Administration (FHA), the Veterans Administration (VA), and the United States Department of Agriculture.

There are no legal, financial, or other factors impeding the bank's ability to meet the credit needs within its AAs. The bank received a "Satisfactory" rating at the previous CRA evaluation dated September 27, 2021.

Scope of the Evaluation

Evaluation Period/Products Evaluated

This performance evaluation (PE) assesses the bank's CRA performance under the Small Bank procedures, which includes the Lending Test. The Lending Test evaluates the bank's record of meeting the credit needs of its AAs through its lending activities, which for this evaluation period was small business loans and residential mortgage loans. For this evaluation, we reviewed samples of these loan types. The evaluation period covers the bank's performance from January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2023. The consideration and evaluation of community development activities is optional under the Small Bank examination procedures and were not completed for this review.

Due to changes to demographic data and census tract income-level designations that resulted from the 2020 U.S. Census data that became effective January 1, 2022, the OCC conducted a separate analysis of FNB's lending performance during the January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021 period (2021 period), and from the January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2023 period (2022-2023 combined period).

Small business and home mortgage loans in the Orangeburg County, AA were not evaluated due to the bank not originating a sufficient volume in the AA for a meaningful analysis.

Selection of Areas for Full-Scope Review

In each state where the bank has an office, one or more of AAs within that state was selected for a full-scope review. For purposes of this evaluation, bank delineated assessment areas located within the same metropolitan statistical area (MSA), multistate metropolitan statistical area (MMSA), or combined statistical area (CSA) are combined and evaluated as a single AA. Similarly, bank delineated non-MSA AAs within the same state are combined and evaluated as a single area. These combined AAs may be evaluated as full- or limited-scope. Refer to the "Scope" section under each State Rating for details regarding how full-scope AAs were selected. Refer to appendix A, Scope of Examination, for a list of full- and limited-scope AAs.

Ratings

The bank's overall rating is based solely on its performance in the State of South Carolina.

The MMSA rating and state ratings are based on performance in all bank AAs. Refer to the "Scope" section under each state and MMSA Rating section for details regarding how the areas were weighted in arriving at the respective ratings.

Discriminatory or Other Illegal Credit Practices Review

Pursuant to 12 CFR 25.28(c) or 195.28(c), respectively, in determining a national bank's or federal savings association's (collectively, bank) CRA rating, the OCC considers evidence of discriminatory or other illegal credit practices in any geography by the bank, or in any AA by an affiliate whose loans have been considered as part of the bank's lending performance. As part of this evaluation process, the OCC consults with other federal agencies with responsibility for compliance with the relevant laws and regulations, including the U.S. Department of Justice, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, and the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, as applicable.

The OCC has not identified that this institution (or any affiliate whose loans have been considered as part of the institution's lending performance) has engaged in discriminatory or other illegal credit practices that require consideration in this evaluation.

The OCC will consider any information that this institution engaged in discriminatory or other illegal credit practices, identified by or provided to the OCC before the end of the institution's next performance evaluation in that subsequent evaluation, even if the information concerns activities that occurred during the evaluation period addressed in this performance evaluation.

State Rating

State of South Carolina

CRA rating for the State of South Carolina¹: Satisfactory.

The Lending Test is rated: Satisfactory.

The major factors that support this rating include:

- The bank exhibits an excellent geographic distribution of loans in the AAs.
- The bank exhibits a reasonable distribution of loans to businesses of different revenue sizes and borrowers of different income levels.

Description of Institution's Operations in South Carolina

FNB identifies portions of the Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA and of Orangeburg County, SC Non-MSA as its two assessment areas. The bank operates eight full-service office locations with deposit-taking ATMs and drive-up windows. Two branches are in Orangeburg County, four are located in Dorchester County, and the remaining two are located in Berkeley County. As previously noted, FNB offers traditional banking products and services, including fixed and adjustable rate residential mortgage loans, home equity line of credit loans, consumer, and commercial loans. Additionally, the bank offers a range of deposit products and services, including checking, savings, certificate of deposits, and safe deposit boxes. The AAs do not arbitrarily exclude low- or -moderate income (LMI) census tracts (CTs). No CTs were designated as underserved as of this examination. Furthermore, no branch offices were closed or opened during this evaluation period.

Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA Assessment Area

Demographic Data and Market Share

The Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA AA is comprised of Berkeley and Dorchester counties. Based on the 2020 American Community Survey (ACS) U.S. Census data and 2021 Dunn and Bradstreet (D&B) data, the MSA had 70 CTs during the 2021 evaluation period and 79 CTs during the 2022-2023 evaluation period. In 2021, the MSA consisted of no low-income CTs, 20 moderate-income CTs, 36 middle-income CTs, 13 upper-income CTs, and one tract with no income data reported. In 2022-2023, the MSA consisted of five low-income CTs, 28 moderate-income CTs, 30 middle-income CTs, 15 upper-income CTs, and the one tract with no income data reported.

_

This rating reflects performance within the state. The statewide evaluations do not reflect performance in the parts of those states contained within a MMSA.

FNB faces moderate deposit competition in the SC MSA. According to the June 30, 2023, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) summary of deposit data, the bank ranked ninth out of 35 institutions in the market, holding 3.36 percent of the total deposit market share. The top three competitors holding 39.54 percent of the deposit market share were REV Federal Credit Union (15.53 percent), SouthState Bank N.A. (12.41 percent), and First-Citizens Bank & Trust Co. (11.60 percent), respectively.

The bank faces moderate lending competition in the MSA. According to 2023 peer mortgage data provided by 2020 US Census SF1/SF3, FNB ranked eighty-sixth among 450 lenders in the AA. The bank made 29 loans in the AA capturing 0.18 percent of market share by loan count. The top three lenders in the AA that held a combined 16.93 percent of the market share were PennyMac Loan Services, LLC (7.28 percent), DHI Mortgage Company, LP (5.15 percent), and Lennar Mortgage, LLC (4.50 percent).

Employment and Economic Factors

Historically, the Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA unemployment rates have been lower compared to the State of South Carolina. The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (USBLS) reported the annual average unemployment rate in the AA for 2021, 2022, and 2023 was 3.60 percent, 2.95 percent, and 2.65 percent, respectively. For this same period, the overall unemployment rates for the state of South Carolina were above these rates, at 3.9 percent, 3.2 percent, and 3.0 percent, respectively.

According to the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, the primary industries in the AA include mining, manufacturing, and trade & transportation. The top three employers within the AA are the Medical University of South Carolina, Boeing Company, and Robert Bosch, LLC.

As part of the CRA Public Evaluation, three community contacts were reached out to for an update on economic conditions and community needs. The contacts stressed the level of growth in the area and the need for housing for LMI individuals, retail and service businesses, technical assistance to small existing businesses and startup businesses, and financial literacy classes to the LMI communities.

Housing

The 2020 ACS U.S. Census data (for analysis of 2023) reported that single family homes make up most of the housing units in the AA at 73.43 percent. Multi-family units accounted for 11.08 percent of the housing units in the AA. Total rental occupied units are 25.53 percent. The median housing value in the AA was \$212,105 for the 2023 evaluation period and the median gross rent was \$1,143 per month.

Five of the CTs in the AA are designated as low-income while 28 CTs are designated as moderate-income. LMI households make up 38.47 percent of total households. Households below the poverty level represent 10.82 percent of total households.

The table below provides a summary of the demographics that includes housing, business, and farm information for the Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina MSA AA.

Table A – Demographic Information of the Assessment Area													
Assessment Are	ea: 2023 Ch	arleston-No	rth Charlesto	n, SC MSA									
Demographic Characteristics	#	Low % of #	Moderate % of #	Middle % of #	Upper % of #	NA* % of #							
Geographies (Census Tracts)	79	6.3	35.4	38.0	19.0	1.3							
Population by Geography	391,401	4.3	30.3	42.5	22.9	0.0							
Housing Units by Geography	147,719	5.6	34.0	40.0	20.4	0.0							
Owner-Occupied Units by Geography	98,824	4.8	29.8	41.9	23.5	0.0							
Occupied Rental Units by Geography	37,712	5.8	42.8	37.2	14.1	0.0							
Vacant Units by Geography	11,183	12.7	40.5	32.2	14.6	0.0							
Businesses by Geography	50,008	3.7	28.5	40.0	27.7	0.0							
Farms by Geography	1,232	5.7	33.1	38.4	22.8	0.0							
Family Distribution by Income Level	95,941	23.0	19.0	22.0	36.0	0.0							
Household Distribution by Income Level	136,536	23.2	17.0	19.6	40.2	0.0							
Median Family Income MSA - 16700 Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA		\$82,122	Median Housi	ng Value		\$212,105							
Median Gross Rent													
			Families Belo	w Poverty Le	vel	8.6%							

Source: 2020 U.S. Census and 2023 D&B Data Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0%

(*) The NA category consists of geographies that have not been assigned an income classification.

Orangeburg County, SC Non-MSA Assessment Area

Demographic Data and Market Share

Orangeburg County is a non-MSA area located in the central portion of South Carolina. The AA is contiguous to Berkeley and Dorchester County. The bank operates its main office in the city of Holly Hill and one full-service branch office location in the city of Eutawville in this AA. Based on the 2020 American Community Survey (ACS) U.S. Census data and 2021 Dunn and Bradstreet (D&B), the Orangeburg County, SC Non-MSA AA had three CTs (partial county) during the 2021 evaluation period and five CTs (partial county) during the 2022-2023 evaluation period. In 2021, the AA consisted of no low-income CTs, one moderate-income CT, and two middle-income CTs. In 2022-2023, the AA consisted of no low-income CTs, two moderate-income CTs, one middle-income CT, and two upper-income CTs. Based on the size of Orangeburg County and the bank's two office locations being in the southwest portion of the county, the bank cannot be expected to reasonably serve the entire county. No branch locations were closed or opened during the evaluation period.

FNB faces low minimal deposit competition in the Orangeburg County, SC AA. According to June 30, 2023, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) summary of deposit data, the bank ranked second out of two institutions in the market, holding 46.63 percent of total deposits. The bank also faces some

lending competition in the AA. According to 2023 mortgage peer data, FNB ranked eighteenth among 77 lenders in the AA. The bank made three loans in the AA capturing 1.75 percent of market share by loan count. The top three lenders in the AA holding a combined 15.79 percent of the market share were Newrez, LLC (5.85 percent), Vanderbilt Mortgage and Financing (5.85 percent), and PrimeLending (4.09 percent).

Employment and Economic Factors

The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (USBLS) reported the annual average unemployment rate in Orangeburg County for 2021, 2022, and 2023 was 6.8 percent, 5.0 percent, and 4.4 percent, respectively. The unemployment rates for Orangeburg County exceed those of the State of South Carolina as cited above for the same time periods.

The primary industries in Orangeburg County include healthcare, maintenance, and office and administrative services. The top three employers according to the State of South Carolina are Husqvarna, Medical University of South Carolina, and Food Lion Distribution Center.

As part of the CRA Public Evaluation, a local community contact was relied upon in determining local economic conditions and community needs. The contact identified the need for more infrastructure, specifically another wastewater treatment facility, that would increase the ability to construct more affordable housing for LMI families. The contact also identified the need for more 7(a) and 504 loans to assist small business owners and financing to build more local parks and recreation areas to improve the county's appeal to bring in people.

Housing

The 2020 ACS U.S. Census data (for analysis of 2023) reported that single family homes make up most of the housing units in the AA at 59.68 percent. Multi-family units accounted for 0.30 percent of the housing units in the AA. Total rental occupied units are 19.61 percent. The median housing value in the AA was \$102,453 for the 2023 evaluation period, and the median gross rent was \$565 per month.

None of the CTs in the AA are designated as low-income, and only two out of the five are moderate-income (LMI); however, LMI households make up 55.43 percent of total households. Households below the poverty level represent 21.91 percent of total households.

The table below provides a summary of the demographics that includes housing, business, and farm information for the Orangeburg County, SC AA.

Table A – Den	nographic I	nformation	of the Assessr	nent Area		
Assessm	ent Area: 2	023 Orange	eburg County,	SC		
Demographic Characteristics	#	Low % of #	Moderate % of #	Middle % of #	Upper % of #	NA* % of #
Geographies (Census Tracts)	5	0.0	40.0	20.0	40.0	0.0
Population by Geography	9,389	0.0	62.1	9.2	28.7	0.0
Housing Units by Geography	5,595	0.0	55.7	11.8	32.6	0.0
Owner-Occupied Units by Geography	3,253	0.0	51.2	11.8	37.0	0.0
Occupied Rental Units by Geography	1,097	0.0	67.8	3.8	28.4	0.0
Vacant Units by Geography	1,245	0.0	56.5	18.8	24.7	0.0
Businesses by Geography	1,025	0.0	62.6	7.4	30.0	0.0
Farms by Geography	39	0.0	51.3	10.3	38.5	0.0
Family Distribution by Income Level	2,353	28.1	19.0	12.1	40.8	0.0
Household Distribution by Income Level	4,350	27.6	18.2	20.3	33.9	0.0
Median Family Income Non-MSAs - SC		\$53,588	Median Housi		\$102,453	
			Median Gross	Rent		\$565
			Families Belo	w Poverty Le	vel	21.4%

Source: 2020 U.S. Census and 2023 D&B Data

Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0%

Scope of Evaluation in South Carolina

For purposes of this evaluation, we performed a full-scope review of the Charleston-North Charleston SC MSA AA for calendar years 2021, 2022, and 2023. As noted previously, small business and home mortgage loans in the Orangeburg County, SC AA were not evaluated due to the bank not originating a sufficient volume in the AA for a meaningful analysis. As such, the Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA AA was the most heavily weighted.

More weight was placed on small loans to businesses as it represents the majority of the bank's lending activity based on information provided by the bank.

LENDING TEST

The bank's performance under the Lending Test in South Carolina is rated Satisfactory.

Conclusions for (Area/Areas) Receiving (a Full-Scope Review/Full-Scope Reviews)

Based on a full-scope review, the bank's performance in the Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA AA is adequate.

^(*) The NA category consists of geographies that have not been assigned an income classification.

Distribution of Loans by Income Level of the Geography

The bank exhibits excellent geographic distribution of loans in the State.

Home Mortgage Loans

Refer to Table O in the State of South Carolina section of appendix D for the facts and data used to evaluate the geographic distribution of the bank's home mortgage loan originations and purchases.

Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA AA

2021

The percentage of home mortgage loans in moderate-income geographies exceeded the percentage of owner-occupied housing units located in those geographies. It also exceeded peer lending in moderate-income geographies.

2022-2023

The percentage of home mortgage loans in low-income geographies was below the percentage of owner-occupied housing units located in those geographies and peer lending. The percentage of loans in moderate-income geographies exceeded the percentage of owner-occupied housing units located in those geographies and peer lending.

Small Loans to Businesses

Refer to Table Q in the State of South Carolina section of appendix D for the facts and data used to evaluate the geographic distribution of the bank's originations and purchases of small loans to businesses.

Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA AA

2021

The percentage of small business loans in moderate-income geographies exceeded the percentage of businesses located in those geographies. It also exceeded peer lending in moderate-income geographies.

2022-2023

The percentage of small business loans in low-income geographies exceeded the percentage of businesses located in those geographies and peer lending. The percentage of loans in moderate-income geographies exceeded the percentage of businesses located in those geographies and peer lending.

Distribution of Loans by Income Level of the Borrower

The bank exhibits a reasonable distribution of loans to individuals of different income levels and businesses and farms of different revenue sizes, given the product lines offered by the bank.

Home Mortgage Loans

Refer to Table P in the State of South Carolina section of appendix D for the facts and data used to evaluate the borrower distribution of the bank's home mortgage loan originations and purchases.

Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA AA

2021

The percentage of home mortgage loans was below the percentage of low-income families but exceeded peer lending. The percentage of loans exceeded the percentage of moderate-income families and peer lending.

2022-2023

The percentage of home mortgage loans was well below the percentage of low-income families but exceeded peer lending. The percentage of loans was below the percentage of moderate-income families and peer lending.

Small Loans to Businesses

Refer to Table R in the State of South Carolina section of appendix D for the facts and data used to evaluate the borrower distribution of the bank's originations and purchases of small loans to businesses.

Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA AA

2021

The distribution of small loans to businesses with gross annual revenue under \$1 million exceeded the percentage of businesses and peer lending.

2022-2023

The distribution of small loans to businesses with gross annual revenue under \$1 million was near to the percentage of businesses and exceeded peer lending.

Responses to Complaints

There were no complaints related to the institution's CRA performance within the state of South Carolina.

Appendix A: Scope of Examination

The following table identifies the time period covered in this evaluation, affiliate activities that were reviewed, and loan products considered. The table also reflects the MSAs and non-MSAs that received comprehensive examination review, designated by the term "full-scope," and those that received a less comprehensive review, designated by the term "limited-scope".

Time Period Reviewed:	01/01/21 to 12/31/23	
Bank Products Reviewed:	Home mortgage and sma	ll business
		1
Affiliate(s)	Affiliate Relationship	Products Reviewed
None	None	None
List of Assessment Areas and Type	of Examination	
Rating and Assessment Areas	Type of Exam	Other Information
South Carolina		
Charleston-North Charleston, SC	F-11 C	C
MSA	Full-Scope	Counties of Berkeley and Dorchester
Orangeburg County, SC	Full-Scope	Partial County

Appendix B: Summary of State Ratings

RATINGS First I	National Bank of South Carolina
Overall Bank:	Lending Test Rating
First National Bank of South Carolina	Satisfactory
State:	
South Carolina	Satisfactory

Appendix C: Definitions and Common Abbreviations

The following terms and abbreviations are used in this performance evaluation, including the CRA tables. The definitions are intended to provide the reader with a general understanding of the terms, not a strict legal definition.

Affiliate: Any company that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another company. A company is under common control with another company if the same company directly or indirectly controls both companies. For example, a bank subsidiary is controlled by the bank and is, therefore, an affiliate.

Aggregate Lending (Aggt.): The number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders (HMDA or CRA) in specified income categories as a percentage of the aggregate number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in the state/assessment area.

Census Tract (CT): A small, relatively permanent statistical subdivision of a county delineated by a local committee of census data users for the purpose of presenting data. Census tracts nest within counties, and their boundaries normally follow visible features, but may follow legal geography boundaries and other non-visible features in some instances, Census tracts ideally contain about 4,000 people and 1,600 housing units.

Combined Statistical Area (CSA): A geographic entity consisting of two or more adjacent Core Based Statistical Areas with employment interchange measures of at least 15. An employment interchange measure is a measure of ties between two adjacent entities. The employment interchange measure is the sum of the percentage of workers living in the smaller entity who work in the larger entity and the percentage of employment in the smaller entity that is accounted for by workers who reside in the larger entity.

Community Development (CD): Affordable housing (including multifamily rental housing) for low- or moderate-income individuals; community services targeted to low- or moderate-income individuals; activities that promote economic development by financing businesses or farms that meet Small Business Administration Development Company or Small Business Investment Company programs size eligibility standards or have gross annual revenues of \$1 million or less; or activities that revitalize or stabilize low- or moderate-income geographies, distressed or underserved nonmetropolitan middle-income geographies, or designated disaster areas.

Community Reinvestment Act (CRA): The statute that requires the OCC to evaluate a bank's record of meeting the credit needs of its entire community, including LMI areas, consistent with the safe and sound operation of the bank, and to take this record into account when evaluating certain corporate applications filed by the bank.

Consumer Loan(s): A loan(s) to one or more individuals for household, family, or other personal expenditures. A consumer loan does not include a home mortgage, small business, or small farm loan. This definition includes the following categories: motor vehicle loans, credit card loans, other secured consumer loans, and other unsecured consumer loans.

Family: Includes a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The number of family households always equals the number of families; however, a family household may also include non-relatives living with the family. Families are classified by type as either a married-couple family or other family, which is further classified into 'male householder' (a family with a male householder' and no wife present) or 'female householder' (a family with a female householder and no husband present).

Full-Scope Review: Performance under the Lending, Investment, and Service Tests is analyzed considering performance context, quantitative factors (e.g., geographic distribution, borrower distribution, and total number and dollar amount of investments), and qualitative factors (e.g., innovativeness, complexity, and responsiveness).

Geography: A census tract delineated by the United States Bureau of the Census in the most recent decennial census.

Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA): The statute that requires certain mortgage lenders that conduct business or have banking offices in a metropolitan statistical area to file annual summary reports of their mortgage lending activity. The reports include such data as the race, gender, and the income of applicants, the amount of loan requested, the disposition of the application (e.g., approved, denied, and withdrawn), the lien status of the collateral, any requests for preapproval, and loans for manufactured housing.

Home Mortgage Loans: A closed-end mortgage loan or an open-end line of credit as these terms are defined under 12 CFR 1003.2, and that is not an excluded transaction under 12 CFR 1003.3(c)(1) through (c)(10) and (c)(13).

Household: Includes all persons occupying a housing unit. Persons not living in households are classified as living in group quarters. In 100 percent tabulations, the count of households always equals the count of occupied housing units.

Limited-Scope Review: Performance under the Lending, Investment, and Service Tests is analyzed using only quantitative factors (e.g., geographic distribution, borrower distribution, total number and dollar amount of investments, and branch distribution).

Low-Income Individual: Individual income that is less than 50 percent of the area median income.

Low Income Geography: A census tract with a median family income that is less than 50 percent.

Market Share: The number of loans originated and purchased by the institution as a percentage of the aggregate number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in the state/assessment area.

Median Family Income (MFI): The median income determined by the U.S. Census Bureau every five years and used to determine the income level category of geographies. The median is the point at which half of the families have income above, and half below, a range of incomes. Also, the median income determined by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) annually that is used to determine the income level category of individuals. For any given area, the median is the point at which half of the families have income above, and half below, a range of incomes.

Metropolitan Division: As defined by Office of Management and Budget, a county or group of counties within a Core Based Statistical Area that contains an urbanized population of at least 2.5 million. A Metropolitan Division consists of one or more main/secondary counties that represent an employment center or centers, plus adjacent counties associated with the main/secondary county or counties through commuting ties.

Metropolitan Statistical Area: An area, defined by the Office of Management and Budget, as a core based statistical area associated with at least one urbanized area that has a population of at least 50,000. The Metropolitan Statistical Area comprises the central county or counties containing the core, plus adjacent outlying counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the central county or counties as measured through commuting.

Middle-Income: Individual income that is at least 80 percent and less than 120 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 80 percent and less than 120 percent, in the case of a geography

Moderate-Income: Individual income that is at least 50 percent and less than 80 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 50 percent and less than 80 percent, in the case of a geography.

Multifamily: Refers to a residential structure that contains five or more units.

Owner-Occupied Units: Includes units occupied by the owner or co-owner, even if the unit has not been fully paid for or is mortgaged.

Qualified Investment: A qualified investment is defined as any lawful investment, deposit, membership share, or grant that has as its primary purpose community development.

Rating Area: A rated area is a state or multi-state metropolitan statistical area. For an institution with domestic branches in only one state, the institution's CRA rating would be the state rating. If an institution maintains domestic branches in more than one state, the institution will receive a rating for each state in which those branches are located. If an institution maintains domestic branches in two or more states within a multi-state metropolitan statistical area, the institution will receive a rating for the multi-state metropolitan statistical area.

Small Loan(s) to Business(es): A loan included in 'loans to small businesses' as defined in the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report) instructions. These loans have original amounts of \$1 million or less and typically are either secured by nonfarm or nonresidential real estate or are classified as commercial and industrial loans.

Small Loan(s) to Farm(s): A loan included in 'loans to small farms' as defined in the instructions for preparation of the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report). These loans have original amounts of \$500,000 or less and are either secured by farmland, or are classified as loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers.

Tier 1 Capital: The total of common shareholders' equity, perpetual preferred shareholders' equity with non-cumulative dividends, retained earnings and minority interests in the equity accounts of consolidated subsidiaries.

Upper-Income: Individual income that is at least 120 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 120 percent, in the case of a geography.

Appendix D: Tables of Performance Data

Content of Standardized Tables

A separate set of tables is provided for each state. All multistate metropolitan statistical areas, if applicable, are presented in one set of tables. References to the "bank" include activities of any affiliates that the bank provided for consideration (refer to appendix A: Scope of the Examination). For purposes of reviewing the Lending Test tables, the following are applicable: (1) purchased are treated as originations; and (2) "aggregate" is the percentage of the aggregate number of reportable loans originated and purchased by all HMDA or CRA-reporting lenders in the MMSA/assessment area. Deposit data are compiled by the FDIC and are available as of June 30th of each year. Tables without data are not included in this PE.

The following is a listing and brief description of the tables included in each set:

- **Table O.** Assessment Area Distribution of Home Mortgage Loans by Income Category of the Geography Compares the percentage distribution of the number of loans originated and purchased by the bank in low-, moderate-, middle-, and upper-income geographies to the percentage distribution of owner-occupied housing units throughout those geographies. The table also presents aggregate peer data for the years the data is available.
- **Table P.** Assessment Area Distribution of Home Mortgage Loans by Income Category of the Borrower Compares the percentage distribution of the number of loans originated and purchased by the bank to low-, moderate-, middle-, and upper-income borrowers to the percentage distribution of families by income level in each MMSA/assessment area. The table also presents aggregate peer data for the years the data is available.
- **Table Q.** Assessment Area Distribution of Loans to Small Businesses by Income Category of the Geography The percentage distribution of the number of small loans (less than or equal to \$1 million) to businesses that were originated and purchased by the bank in low-, moderate-, middle-, and upper-income geographies compared to the percentage distribution of businesses (regardless of revenue size) in those geographies. Because aggregate small business data are not available for geographic areas smaller than counties, it may be necessary to compare bank loan data to aggregate data from geographic areas larger than the bank's assessment area.
- Assessment Area Distribution of Loans to Small Businesses by Gross Annual Revenue Compares the percentage distribution of the number of small loans (loans less than or equal to \$1 million) originated and purchased by the bank to businesses with revenues of \$1 million or less to: 1) the percentage distribution of businesses with revenues of greater than \$1 million; and, 2) the percentage distribution of businesses for which revenues are not available. The table also presents aggregate peer small business data for the years the data is available.

Table O: Geograp		sess	ment	Area l	Distri	ibution	of Hon	ne Mo	ortgage	Loans	by In	icome (Categor	y of 1	the			2021
	_	otal Ho tgage l		Low-l	Income T	Tracts	Moderat	e-Incom	e Tracts	Middle	-Income	Tracts	Upper-	Income '	Tracts	Not Availa	ble-Inco	me Tracts
	#	\$	% of Total	% of Owner- Occupied Housing Units	% Bank Loans	Aggregate												
Charleston- North Charleston, SC MSA	16	3,929	94.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.8	31.3	11.9	54.1	37.5	58.4	22.1	31.3	29.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Orangeburg County, SC	1	160	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	100.0	10.6	63.1	0.0	59.0	22.0	0.0	30.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	17	4,089	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.9	35.3	11.8	56.0	35.3	58.4	22.1	29.4	29.8	0.0	0.0	0.0

Source: 2020 U.S Census; 01/01/2021 - 12/31/2021 Bank Data, "--" data not available. Due to

rounding, totals may not equal 100.0

Table O: Assessment Area Distribution of Home Mortgage Loans by Income Category of the Geography

2022-23

	То	tal Home Moi Loans	rtgage	Low-I	ncome	Tracts	Moderat	e-Incor	ne Tracts	Middle	-Income	e Tracts	Upper-	Income	Tracts	Not Av	ailable- Tracts	Income
Assessment Area:	#	\$	% of Total			Aggregate	% of Owner- Occupied Housing Units	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% of Owner- Occupied Housing Units		Aggregate	% of Owner- Occupied Housing Units		Aggregate	% of Owner- Occupied Housing Units	% Bank Loans	Aggregate
2023 Charleston- North Charleston SC MSA	46	4,664,607	90.2	4.8	0.0	2.2	29.8	39.1	23.1	41.9	41.3	41.0	23.5	19.6	33.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
2023 Orangeburg County SC	5	127,707	9.8	0.0	20.0	0.0	51.2	40.0	52.0	11.8	0.0	25.1	37.0	40.0	22.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	51	4,792,314	100.0	4.6	2.0	2.2	30.5	39.2	23.4	41.0	37.3	40.9	23.9	21.6	33.6	0.0	0.0	0.0

Source: 2020 U.S. Census; 01/01/2022 - 12/31/2023 Bank Data, 2023 HMDA Aggregate Data, "--" data not available. Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0%

Table P: Borrowe		sessi	nent	Area I	Distri	bution (of Hom	e Mo	ortgage	Loans	by In	come C	Categor	y of t	he			2021
	Total Home Mortgage Loans Low-Income Tracts Moderate-Income Tracts Middle-Income Tracts Upper-Income Tracts													Not Availa	ne Tracts			
	#	\$	% of Total	% of Families	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% of Families	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% of Families	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% of Familiies	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% of Families	% Bank Loans	Aggregate
Charleston- North Charleston, SC MSA	16	3,929	94.1	22.5	18.8	6.4	18.3	25.0	20.0	22.1	25.0	22.0	37.2	31.3	25.6	0.0	0.0	25.9
Orangeburg County, SC	1	160	5.9	23.1	0.0	3.1	17.5	0.0	12.7	19.0	0.0	22.3	40.4	100.0	38.9	0.0	0.0	23.0
Total	17	4,089	100.0	22.6	17.6	6.2	18.1	23.5	19.6	21.5	23.5	22.0	37.8	35.3	26.3	0.0	0.0	25.8

Source: 2020 U.S Census; 01/01/2021 - 12/31/2021 Bank Data, "--" data not available. Due to

rounding, totals may not equal 100.0

Table P: Borrowe		sessn	nent	Area I	Distri	bution (of Hom	e Mo	rtgage	Loans	by In	come C	Categor	y of t	the		202	
	Total Home Mortgage Loans Low-Income Borrowers Moderate-Income Borrowers Middle-Income Borrowers Upper-Income Borrowers													Borrowers	Not Availal	ole-Incon	ne Borrowers	
	#	\$	% of Total	% of Families	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% of Families	% Bank Loans	Aggregate									
Charleston- North Charleston, SC MSA	46	10,133	90.2	23.0	13.0	5.4	19.0	15.2	21.5	22.0	19.6	24.4	36.0	47.8	25.1	0.0	4.3	23.6
Orangeburg County, SC	5	541	9.8	28.1	20.0	3.5	19.0	40.0	15.2	12.1	20.0	21.1	40.8	20.0	40.4	0.0	0.0	19.9
Total	51	10,674	100.0	23.1	13.7	5.4	19.0	17.6	21.5	21.8	19.6	24.4	36.1	45.1	25.2	0.0	3.9	23.5

Source: 2020 U.S Census; 01/01/2022 - 12/31/2023 Bank Data, "--" data not available. Due to

rounding, totals may not equal 100.0

Table Q: of the Ge				nt Are	a Dis	stribut	ion of	Loan	is to Si	mall B	usine	esses b	y Inco	me C	ategory	202			
Assessment		Fotal I to Sn Busin	nall	Low-Inc	ome Tra	cts	Mod	erate-Inc Tracts	come		-Income acts	;	Uppe	r-Incom	e Tracts	Not A	vailable- Tracts	- Income	
Area:	#	\$	% of Total	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	
Charleston- North Charleston, SC MSA	20	3,166	58.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.7	40.0	20.5	52.1	60.0	50.9	25.1	0.0	28.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	
Orangeburg County, SC	14	1,514	41.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.3	28.6	19.2	53.2	71.4	57.5	23.5	0.0	23.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total	34	4,680	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.8	35.3	20.3	52.3	64.7	51.9	24.8	0.0	27.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	

Source: 2021 D&B Data; 01/01/2021 - 12/31/2021 Bank Data; "--" data not available. Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0

Table Q: of the Ge				ent Are	a Dis	stribut	tion of	Loan	is to S	mall B	usine	esses b	y Inco	me C	Category	2022-202			
Assessment	Total Loans to Small Businesses			Low-Inc	ome Tra	cts	Mod	erate-Inc Tracts	come		e-Income acts		Uppe	er-Incom	e Tracts	Not A	vailable- Tracts	Income	
Assessment Area:	#	\$	% of Total	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses		Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	
Charleston- North Charleston, SC MSA	40	4,301	71.4	3.7	5.0	2.9	28.5	37.5	26.0	40.0	37.5	39.3	27.7	20.0	31.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Orangeburg County, SC	16	1,913	28.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	62.6	75.0	57.9	7.4	6.3	11.8	30.0	18.8	30.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total	56	6,214	100.0	3.7	8.9	2.9	29.2	48.2	26.6	39.3	28.6	38.8	27.8	19.6	31.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Source: 2023 D&B Data; 01/01/2022 - 12/31/2023 Bank Data; "--" data not available. Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0

Table R: Assessment Area Distribution of Loans to Small Businesses by Gross Annual Revenues										2021	
	Total Loans to Small Businesses				Businesses with Revenues <= 1MM			Businesses with Revenues > 1MM		Businesses with Revenues Not Available	
Assessment Area:	#	\$	% of Total	Overall Market	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	% Businesses	% Bank Loans
Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA	20	3,166	58.8	7,979	87.2	100.00	47.0	3.2	0.0	9.5	0.0
Orangeburg County, SC	14	1,514	41.2	1,373	82.3	100.0	41.7	4.2	0.0	13.5	0.0
Total	34	4,680	100.0	9,352	86.3	100.0	46.3	3.4	0.0	10.3	0.0

Source: 2020 D&B Data; 01/01/2021 - 12/31/2021 Bank Data; "--" data not available.

Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0

Due to rounding, totals may not equal 100.0

Table R: Assessment Area Distribution of Loans to Small Businesses by Gross Annual Revenues										2022- 2023	
Assessment Area:	Total Loans to Small Businesses				Businesses with Revenues <= 1MM			Businesses with Revenues > 1MM		Businesses with Revenues Not Available	
	#	\$	% of Total	Overall Market	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	% Businesses	% Bank Loans
Charleston-North Charleston, SC MSA	40	4,301	71.4	8,757	93.7	90.0	51.0	1.3	10.0	5.0	0.0
Orangeburg County, SC	16	1,913	28.6	152	92.0	81.3	44.7	2.0	18.8	6.0	0.0
Total	56	6,214	100.0	8,909	93.7	87.5	50.9	1.4	12.5	5.0	0.0
Source: 2023 D&B Data; 01/01/202	22 - 12/31/20)23 Bank Data;	"" data not av	ailable.	1	1			1		