PUBLIC DISCLOSURE

July 29, 2024

COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT ACT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The First National Bank of Lacon Charter Number 347

> 111 South Broad Street Lacon, Illinois 61540

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency 211 Fulton Street, Suite 604 Peoria, Illinois 61602

NOTE: This document is an evaluation of this institution's record of meeting the credit needs of its entire community, including low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, consistent with safe and sound operation of the institution. This evaluation is not, and should not be construed as, an assessment of the financial condition of this institution. The rating assigned to this institution does not represent an analysis, conclusion, or opinion of the federal financial supervisory agency concerning the safety and soundness of this financial institution.

Charter Number: 347

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Overall CRA Rating

Institution's CRA Rating: This institution is rated Satisfactory.

The Lending Test is rated: Satisfactory.

The major factors that support this rating include:

- The Lending Test rating is based on the Satisfactory performance in the state of Illinois.
- A majority of loans are originated and purchased inside the assessment area (AA).
- The loan-to-deposit (LTD) ratio is reasonable.

Loan-to-Deposit Ratio

Considering the bank's size, financial condition, and credit needs of the AA, the bank's LTD ratio is reasonable.

The quarterly average LTD ratio was 70.0 percent for the 15-quarter period from April 1, 2020, through December 31, 2023, with a low of 62.0 percent and a high of 81.0 percent.

The bank ranked third out of 13 similarly situated Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured institutions that compete with the bank for deposits in the AA. Due to the limited number of financial institutions in Marshall County, we used data from 11 banks in the surrounding counties of Bureau, LaSalle, Putnam, and Peoria counties. The comparable institutions range in total asset size from \$43.4 million to \$197.6 million and reported quarterly average LTD ratios from 23.7 percent to 88.7 percent.

Lending in Assessment Area

A majority of the bank's loans are inside its AA.

The bank originated and purchased 68.4 percent of its total loans inside the bank's AA during the evaluation period. This analysis is performed at the bank, rather than the AA, level.

	1	Number o	f Loans			Dollar .	Amount c	of Loans \$(000s)	
Loan Category	Insi	de	Outside		Total	Inside		Outside		Total
	#	%	#	%	#	\$	%	\$	%	\$(000s)
Small Business	36	65.4	19	34.6	55	2,905	70.8	1,197	29.2	4,102
Small Farm	29	72.5	11	27.5	40	3,875	72.7	1,452	27.3	5,327
Total	65	68.4	30	31.6	95	6,780	71.9	2,649	28.1	9,429

Description of Institution

The First National Bank of Lacon (FNB) is an intrastate financial institution headquartered in Lacon, Illinois with total assets of \$81.4 million at December 31, 2023. FNB is wholly owned by First Lacon Corp., a one-bank holding company. The bank does not have any subsidiaries. The holding company does not impede the bank's ability to meet the credit needs of its community.

FNB has one rating area. The state of Illinois rating area consists of one legal AA comprised of one metropolitan statistical area (MSA) county located in central Illinois. Marshall County is part of the Peoria, Illinois MSA.

FNB has one location and two automated teller machines (ATM) as of December 31, 2023. The bank provides additional banking access to customers through internet and mobile platforms. There were no branch closures or openings during the review period.

FNB is primarily an agricultural and commercial lender by strategic focus but also offers a full range of deposit and loan products. Agricultural loans represent the largest portfolio at \$28.1 million, followed by commercial lending at \$10.6 million, residential real estate at \$10.0 million, and consumer at \$5.2 million, per call report data as of December 31, 2023. FNB does not originate loans for sale into the secondary market. Please see the Public File for more information.

The bank reported a net loans and leases to total assets ratio of 59.2 percent and a leverage ratio of 8.4 percent at December 31, 2023.

There are no legal or financial circumstances that impede the bank's ability to meet the credit needs of its AA.

The previous CRA rating, which the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) determined using the Small Bank evaluation procedures, was Satisfactory, as detailed in the Performance Evaluation (PE) dated July 6, 2020.

Scope of the Evaluation

Evaluation Period/Products Evaluated

The evaluation period spans from January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2023. We evaluated the bank under the Small Bank evaluation procedures, which includes a Lending Test.

The Lending Test evaluated loans originated and purchased between January 1, 2021, and December 31, 2023. Farm and business loans originated and purchased in 2021 were compared to 2021 D&B Data while farm and business loans originated and purchased in 2022 and 2023 were compared to 2023 D&B Data.

The primary loan products for the evaluation period were determined to be farm and business loans. Farm loans accounted for 10.6 percent by number and 39.8 percent by dollar volume of the total loan originations and purchases. Business loans accounted for 20.9 percent by number and 30.0 percent by dollar volume of originations and purchases.

FNB is not a reporter of small farm or small business data. Performance conclusions are based on a sample of small farm and business loans, not full population, and are considered in context.

Selection of Areas for Full-Scope Review

In each state where the bank has an office, one or more AAs within that state was selected for a fullscope review. For purposes of this evaluation, bank delineated assessment areas located within the same MSA, multistate metropolitan statistical area (MMSA), or combined statistical area (CSA) are combined and evaluated as a single AA. Similarly, bank delineated non-MSA AAs within the same state are combined and evaluated as a single area. These combined AAs may be evaluated as full- or limitedscope. Refer to the "Scope" section under each State Rating for details regarding how full-scope AAs were selected. Refer to appendix A, Scope of Examination, for a list of full- and limited-scope AAs.

Ratings

The bank's overall rating is based on the state rating for Illinois.

Discriminatory or Other Illegal Credit Practices Review

Pursuant to 12 CFR 25.28(c) or 195.28(c), respectively, in determining a national bank's or federal savings association's (collectively, bank) CRA rating, the OCC considers evidence of discriminatory or other illegal credit practices in any geography by the bank, or in any AA by an affiliate whose loans have been considered as part of the bank's lending performance. As part of this evaluation process, the OCC consults with other federal agencies with responsibility for compliance with the relevant laws and regulations, including the U.S. Department of Justice, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, and the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, as applicable.

The OCC has not identified that this institution has engaged in discriminatory or other illegal credit practices that require consideration in this evaluation.

The OCC will consider any information that this institution engaged in discriminatory or other illegal credit practices, identified by or provided to the OCC before the end of the institution's next performance evaluation in that subsequent evaluation, even if the information concerns activities that occurred during the evaluation period addressed in this performance evaluation.

State Rating

State of Illinois

CRA rating for the state of Illinois: Satisfactory

The Lending Test is rated: Satisfactory

The major factors that support this rating include:

- The bank exhibits a reasonable distribution of loans to farms and businesses of different sizes.
- There were no low- or moderate-income geographies for either period, so an analysis would not be meaningful.

Description of Institution's Operations in Illinois

FNB has one legal AA in the state of Illinois, the Marshall County AA. The Marshall County AA consists of all geographies within the county and is part of the Peoria, Illinois MSA. There were no lowor moderate-income census tracts (CT) throughout the evaluation period and no geographies were designated distressed or underserved.

The bank serves its customers through one branch location and two ATMs. The branch is open Monday through Friday with additional banking hours on Saturday and provides drive-through services.

Major employment sectors in the Marshall County AA include manufacturing, health care, retail trade services, and education, per the Illinois Department of Commerce.

According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the annual unemployment rate in the state of Illinois was 6.1 percent for 2021 and then declined to 4.6 for 2022, and 4.5 for 2023. Marshall County compared favorably to the state of Illinois in 2021 at 5.7 percent but had slightly higher rates of unemployment for 2022 and 2023 at 4.9 percent and 5.2 percent, respectively.

The bank sources 100.0 percent of its \$84.3 million in deposits from Marshall County in Illinois, per FDIC data as of June 30, 2023.

Competition for deposits and loans is moderate among financial institutions in Marshall County. Competing institutions include national banks, state banks, credit unions, and farm credit institutions. FNB held a deposit market share position of 22.3 percent in Marshall County with \$84.3 million in deposits, per FDIC data as of June 30, 2023. The bank ranked first out of 7 FDIC insured financial institutions competing for the area's \$379 million in deposits, as of June 30, 2023.

We obtained two community contact interviews to understand area needs and opportunities in Marshall County.

We interviewed one community contact managing an organization representing agriculture and its member families through information and legislation to improve financial stability and quality of life to farmers in Marshall County. The contact described the economic condition of the area to be stable. The contact described the agriculture industry as being an economic driver for the largely rural county. The

contact noted the area's needs for agricultural lending, small business loans, and financial literacy. The contact remarked the area banks are very active in their communities and had no negative perception of FNB.

We obtained a second community contact representing an affordable housing organization that provides resources and affordable housing opportunities to families in the Peoria, IL MSA, including Marshall County. The contact described the economic condition of the area to be stable. The contact commented low to moderate income families are being left behind due skill gaps, barriers on the economic income ladder, and inadequate funding for assistance groups. The contact noted a need for down payment assistance and gap financing for construction and rehabilitation of affordable housing projects. The contact had no negative perception of FNB.

Asse	ssment Are	a: Marshal	l County AA			
Demographic Characteristics	#	Low % of #	Moderate % of #	Middle % of #	Upper % of #	NA* % of #
Geographies (Census Tracts)	5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.
Population by Geography	12,173	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.
Housing Units by Geography	5,912	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.
Owner-Occupied Units by Geography	4,155	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.
Occupied Rental Units by Geography	838	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.
Vacant Units by Geography	919	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Businesses by Geography	692	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Farms by Geography	120	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Family Distribution by Income Level	3,235	17.4	21.7	24.5	36.4	0.
Household Distribution by Income Level	4,993	21.2	18.1	22.5	38.2	0.
Median Family Income MSA - 37900 Peoria, IL MSA		\$67,308	Median Housi	ng Value		\$106,61
			Median Gross	Rent		\$62
			Families Below	w Poverty Lev	vel	5.9%

Marshall County 2021

ing, totals may not equal 100.0%

(*) The NA category consists of geographies that have not been assigned an income classification.

Asses	ssment Are	a: Marsha	ll County AA			
Demographic Characteristics	#	Low % of #	Moderate % of #	Middle % of #	Upper % of #	NA* % of #
Geographies (Census Tracts)	5	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Population by Geography	11,742	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Housing Units by Geography	5,919	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Owner-Occupied Units by Geography	3,967	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Occupied Rental Units by Geography	955	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Vacant Units by Geography	997	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Businesses by Geography	811	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Farms by Geography	137	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Family Distribution by Income Level	3,156	21.3	19.4	25.4	33.9	0.0
Household Distribution by Income Level	4,922	27.5	15.1	18.5	38.9	0.0
Median Family Income MSA - 37900 Peoria, IL MSA		\$77,873	Median Housi	ng Value		\$108,188
			Median Gross	Rent		\$678
			Families Below	w Poverty Lev	vel	9.0%

Marshall County 2022-2023

Scope of Evaluation in Illinois

The bank has one AA in the state of Illinois. The distribution of loans by income level of the borrower received the greatest weight. There were no low- or moderate-income geographies. The 2022 and 2023 years received more weight due to the larger sample sizes.

There was a sizable volume of loans to businesses and farms that did not have income information. We used loan size as a proxy by considering loans less than \$25 thousand made to small businesses and small farms.

LENDING TEST

The bank's performance under the Lending Test in Illinois is rated Satisfactory.

Conclusions for Area Receiving a Full-Scope Review

Based on a full-scope review, the bank's performance in the Marshall County AA is reasonable.

Distribution of Loans by Income Level of the Borrower

The bank exhibits a reasonable distribution of loans to businesses and farms of different sizes, given the product lines offered by the bank.

Small Loans to Businesses

Refer to Table R in the state of Illinois section of appendix D for the facts and data used to evaluate the borrower distribution of the bank's originations and purchases of small loans to businesses.

2021:

The distribution of loans to small businesses is reasonable.

The proportion of lending to businesses with revenues less than \$1 million was below the percent of businesses but exceeded the aggregate distribution of all reporting lenders even when considering the one proxy loan.

2022-2023: The distribution of loans to small businesses is reasonable.

The proportion of lending to businesses with revenues less than \$1 million was below the percent of businesses but exceeded the aggregate distribution of all reporting lenders even when considering the one loan proxy.

Small Loans to Farms

Refer to Table T in the state of Illinois section of appendix D for the facts and data used to evaluate the borrower distribution of the bank's originations and purchases of small loans to farms.

2021:

The distribution of small loans to farms is excellent.

The proportion of lending to farms with revenues less than \$1 million was near to the percent of farms and exceeded the aggregate distribution of all reporting lenders. Taking the proxy into account, 100 percent of the bank's lending was to small farms.

2022-2023:

The distribution of small loans to farms is reasonable given the proxy data.

The proportion of lending to farms with revenues less than \$1 million was below both the percent of farms and the aggregate distribution of all reporting lenders. Taking the proxy into account, lending would be near to the aggregate distribution.

Responses to Complaints

The bank did not receive any complaints about its performance in helping to meet the credit needs of its AA during the evaluation period.

Appendix A: Scope of Examination

The following table identifies the time period covered in this evaluation, affiliate activities that were reviewed, and loan products considered. The table also reflects the MSAs and non-MSAs that received comprehensive examination review, designated by the term "full-scope," and those that received a less comprehensive review, designated by the term "limited-scope".

Time Period Reviewed:	January 1, 2021 - December 3	1, 2023							
Bank Products Reviewed:	Small Business and Small Far	m Loans							
List of Assessment Areas and Type of Examination									
Rating and Assessment Areas	Type of Exam	Other Information							
States									
Illinois									
Marshall County MSA AA	Full-Scope	All geographies in Marshall County							

Appendix B: Summary of MMSA and State Ratings

	RATINGS	First National Bank of Lacon
Overall Bank:		Lending Test Rating
Overall		Satisfactory
State:		
Illinois		Satisfactory

Appendix C: Definitions and Common Abbreviations

The following terms and abbreviations are used in this performance evaluation, including the CRA tables. The definitions are intended to provide the reader with a general understanding of the terms, not a strict legal definition.

Affiliate: Any company that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another company. A company is under common control with another company if the same company directly or indirectly controls both companies. For example, a bank subsidiary is controlled by the bank and is, therefore, an affiliate.

Aggregate Lending (Aggt.): The number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders (HMDA or CRA) in specified income categories as a percentage of the aggregate number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in the state/assessment area.

Census Tract (CT): A small, relatively permanent statistical subdivision of a county delineated by a local committee of census data users for the purpose of presenting data. Census tracts nest within counties, and their boundaries normally follow visible features, but may follow legal geography boundaries and other non-visible features in some instances, Census tracts ideally contain about 4,000 people and 1,600 housing units.

Combined Statistical Area (CSA): A geographic entity consisting of two or more adjacent Core Based Statistical Areas with employment interchange measures of at least 15. An employment interchange measure is a measure of ties between two adjacent entities. The employment interchange measure is the sum of the percentage of workers living in the smaller entity who work in the larger entity and the percentage of employment in the smaller entity that is accounted for by workers who reside in the larger entity.

Community Development (CD): Affordable housing (including multifamily rental housing) for low- or moderate-income individuals; community services targeted to low- or moderate-income individuals; activities that promote economic development by financing businesses or farms that meet Small Business Administration Development Company or Small Business Investment Company programs size eligibility standards or have gross annual revenues of \$1 million or less; or activities that revitalize or stabilize low- or moderate-income geographies, distressed or underserved nonmetropolitan middle-income geographies, or designated disaster areas.

Community Reinvestment Act (CRA): The statute that requires the OCC to evaluate a bank's record of meeting the credit needs of its entire community, including LMI areas, consistent with the safe and sound operation of the bank, and to take this record into account when evaluating certain corporate applications filed by the bank.

Consumer Loan(s): A loan(s) to one or more individuals for household, family, or other personal expenditures. A consumer loan does not include a home mortgage, small business, or small farm loan. This definition includes the following categories: motor vehicle loans, credit card loans, other secured consumer loans, and other unsecured consumer loans.

Family: Includes a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The number of family households always equals the number of families; however, a family household may also include non-relatives living with the family. Families are classified by type as either a married-couple family or other family, which is further classified into 'male householder' (a family with a male householder' and no wife present) or 'female householder' (a family with a female householder and no husband present).

Full-Scope Review: Performance under the Lending, Investment, and Service Tests is analyzed considering performance context, quantitative factors (e.g., geographic distribution, borrower distribution, and total number and dollar amount of investments), and qualitative factors (e.g., innovativeness, complexity, and responsiveness).

Geography: A census tract delineated by the United States Bureau of the Census in the most recent decennial census.

Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA): The statute that requires certain mortgage lenders that conduct business or have banking offices in a metropolitan statistical area to file annual summary reports of their mortgage lending activity. The reports include such data as the race, gender, and the income of applicants, the amount of loan requested, the disposition of the application (e.g., approved, denied, and withdrawn), the lien status of the collateral, any requests for preapproval, and loans for manufactured housing.

Home Mortgage Loans: A closed-end mortgage loan or an open-end line of credit as these terms are defined under 12 CFR 1003.2, and that is not an excluded transaction under 12 CFR 1003.3(c)(1) through (c)(10) and (c)(13).

Household: Includes all persons occupying a housing unit. Persons not living in households are classified as living in group quarters. In 100 percent tabulations, the count of households always equals the count of occupied housing units.

Limited-Scope Review: Performance under the Lending, Investment, and Service Tests is analyzed using only quantitative factors (e.g., geographic distribution, borrower distribution, total number and dollar amount of investments, and branch distribution).

Low-Income Individual: Individual income that is less than 50 percent of the area median income.

Low Income Geography: A census tract with a median family income that is less than 50 percent.

Market Share: The number of loans originated and purchased by the institution as a percentage of the aggregate number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in the state/assessment area.

Median Family Income (MFI): The median income determined by the U.S. Census Bureau every five years and used to determine the income level category of geographies. The median is the point at which half of the families have income above, and half below, a range of incomes. Also, the median income determined by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) annually that is used to determine the income level category of individuals. For any given area, the median is the point at which half of the families have income above, and half below, a range of incomes.

Metropolitan Division: As defined by Office of Management and Budget, a county or group of counties within a Core Based Statistical Area that contains an urbanized population of at least 2.5 million. A Metropolitan Division consists of one or more main/secondary counties that represent an employment center or centers, plus adjacent counties associated with the main/secondary county or counties through commuting ties.

Metropolitan Statistical Area: An area, defined by the Office of Management and Budget, as a core based statistical area associated with at least one urbanized area that has a population of at least 50,000. The Metropolitan Statistical Area comprises the central county or counties containing the core, plus adjacent outlying counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the central county or counties as measured through commuting.

Middle-Income: Individual income that is at least 80 percent and less than 120 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 80 percent and less than 120 percent, in the case of a geography

Moderate-Income: Individual income that is at least 50 percent and less than 80 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 50 percent and less than 80 percent, in the case of a geography.

Multifamily: Refers to a residential structure that contains five or more units.

Owner-Occupied Units: Includes units occupied by the owner or co-owner, even if the unit has not been fully paid for or is mortgaged.

Qualified Investment: A qualified investment is defined as any lawful investment, deposit, membership share, or grant that has as its primary purpose community development.

Rating Area: A rated area is a state or multi-state metropolitan statistical area. For an institution with domestic branches in only one state, the institution's CRA rating would be the state rating. If an institution maintains domestic branches in more than one state, the institution will receive a rating for each state in which those branches are located. If an institution maintains domestic branches in two or more states within a multi-state metropolitan statistical area, the institution will receive a rating for the multi-state metropolitan statistical area.

Small Loan(s) to Business(es): A loan included in 'loans to small businesses' as defined in the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report) instructions. These loans have original amounts of \$1 million or less and typically are either secured by nonfarm or nonresidential real estate or are classified as commercial and industrial loans.

Small Loan(s) to Farm(s): A loan included in 'loans to small farms' as defined in the instructions for preparation of the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report). These loans have original amounts of \$500,000 or less and are either secured by farmland, or are classified as loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers.

Tier 1 Capital: The total of common shareholders' equity, perpetual preferred shareholders' equity with non-cumulative dividends, retained earnings and minority interests in the equity accounts of consolidated subsidiaries.

Upper-Income: Individual income that is at least 120 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 120 percent, in the case of a geography.

Content of Standardized Tables

A separate set of tables is provided for each state. All multistate metropolitan statistical areas, if applicable, are presented in one set of tables. References to the "bank" include activities of any affiliates that the bank provided for consideration (refer to appendix A: Scope of the Examination). For purposes of reviewing the Lending Test tables, the following are applicable: (1) purchased are treated as originations; and (2) "aggregate" is the percentage of the aggregate number of reportable loans originated and purchased by all HMDA or CRA-reporting lenders in the MMSA/assessment area. Deposit data are compiled by the FDIC and are available as of June 30th of each year. Tables without data are not included in this PE.

The following is a listing and brief description of the tables included in each set:

- Table R.Assessment Area Distribution of Loans to Small Businesses by Gross Annual Revenue
- Compares the percentage distribution of the number of small loans (loans less than or
equal to \$1 million) originated and purchased by the bank to businesses with revenues of
\$1 million or less to: 1) the percentage distribution of businesses with revenues of greater
than \$1 million; and, 2) the percentage distribution of businesses for which revenues are
not available. The table also presents aggregate peer small business data for the years the
data is available.
- Table T.Assessment Area Distribution of Loans to Farms by Gross Annual Revenues -
Compares the percentage distribution of the number of small loans (loans less than or equal
to \$500 thousand) originated and purchased by the bank to farms with revenues of \$1
million or less to: 1) the percentage distribution of farms with revenues of greater than \$1
million; and, 2) the percentage distribution of farms for which revenues are not available.
The table also presents aggregate peer small farm data for the years the data is available.

The total loan amount presented in the tables for each assessment area may differ from the total loan amount reported in the aggregate table due to how the underlying loan data is rounded in each table.

Illinois Rating Area 2021:

Assessment Area:	1	Fotal Loans to	Small Business	ses	Businesses	with Revenue	es <= 1MM	Businesses with Revenues > 1MM		Businesses with Revenues Not Available	
	#	\$(000)	% of Total	Overall Market	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	% Businesses	% Bank Loans
Marshall County AA	15	1,555	100.0	211	76.2	60.0	55.0	4.6	13.3	19.2	26.7
Total	15	1,555	100.0	211	76.2	60.0	55.0	4.6	13.3	19.2	26.7

2022-2023:

Table R: Assessm						0					
	1	Fotal Loans to	Small Business	ses	Businesses	with Revenue	s <= 1MM	Businesses with Revenues > 1MM		Businesses with Revenues Not Available	
Assessment Area:	#	\$	% of Total	Overall Market	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Businesses	% Bank Loans	% Businesses	% Bank Loans
Marshall County AA	21	1,350	100.0	145	80.1	66.7	51.7	3.9	4.8	15.9	28.6
Total	21	1,350	100.0	145	80.1	66.7	51.7	3.9	4.8	15.9	28.6

The total loan amount presented in the tables for each assessment area may differ from the total loan amount reported in the aggregate table due to how the underlying loan data is rounded in each table.

Illinois Rating Area 2021:

		Total Loa	ns to Farms		Farms	with Revenues <	<= 1MM	Farms with Revenues > 1MM		Farms with Revenues Not Available	
Assessment Area:	#	\$(000)	% of Total	Overall Market	% Farms	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Farms	% Bank Loans	% Farms	% Bank Loans
Marshall County AA	10	1,316	100.0	147	99.2	90.0	76.9	0.0	0.0	0.8	10.0
Total	10	1,316	100.0	147	99.2	90.0	76.9	0.0	0.0	0.8	10.0

2022-2023:

		Total Loa	ns to Farms		Farms	with Revenues <	<= 1MM		Revenues > 1M	Farms with Revenues Not Available	
Assessment Area:	#	\$	% of Total	Overall Market	% Farms	% Bank Loans	Aggregate	% Farms	% Bank Loans	% Farms	% Bank Loans
Marshall County AA	19	2,559	100.0	90	97.1	47.4	70.0	1.5	15.8	1.5	36.8
Total	19	2,559	100.0	90	97.1	47.4	70.0	1.5	15.8	1.5	36.8

The total loan amount presented in the tables for each assessment area may differ from the total loan amount reported in the aggregate table due to how the underlying loan data is rounded in each table.