

AGREEMENT BY AND BETWEEN
The First National Bank of Olathe
Olathe, Kansas
and
The Comptroller of the Currency

The First National Bank of Olathe, Olathe, Kansas (“Bank”) and the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States of America (“Comptroller”) wish to protect the interests of the depositors, other customers, and shareholders of the Bank, and, toward that end, wish the Bank to operate safely and soundly and in accordance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

The Comptroller has determined that the Bank has engaged in unsafe and unsound banking practices relating to its capital planning, liquidity risk management, credit underwriting, and credit administration.

In consideration of the above premises, it is agreed, between the Bank, by and through its duly elected and acting Board of Directors (“Board”), and the Comptroller, through his authorized representative, that the Bank shall operate at all times in compliance with the articles of this Agreement.

Article I

JURISDICTION

(1) This Agreement shall be construed to be a “written agreement entered into with the agency” within the meaning of 12 U.S.C. § 1818(b)(1).

(2) This Agreement shall be construed to be a “written agreement between such depository institution and such agency” within the meaning of 12 U.S.C. § 1818(e)(1) and 12 U.S.C. § 1818(i)(2).

(3) This Agreement shall be construed to be a “formal written agreement” within the meaning of 12 C.F.R. § 5.51(c)(6)(ii). See 12 U.S.C. § 1831i.

(4) This Agreement shall be construed to be a “written agreement” within the meaning of 12 U.S.C. § 1818(u)(1)(A).

(5) All reports or plans which the Bank or Board has agreed to submit to the Assistant Deputy Comptroller pursuant to this Agreement shall be forwarded to the:

Assistant Deputy Comptroller
Kansas City--North Field Office
7101 College Boulevard, Suite 1600
Overland Park, Kansas 66210

Article II

COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

(1) Within thirty (30) days of the date of this Agreement, the Board shall appoint a Compliance Committee of at least three (3) directors of which at least two (2) must not be an employee of the Bank or any of its affiliates (as the term “affiliate” is defined in 12 U.S.C. § 371c(b)(1)), or a family member of any such person. Upon appointment, the names of the members of the Compliance Committee and, in the event of a change of the membership, the name of any new member shall be submitted in writing to the Assistant Deputy Comptroller.

(2) The Compliance Committee shall be responsible for monitoring and coordinating the Bank’s adherence to the provisions of this Agreement and shall meet at least monthly.

(3) By no later than October 31, 2008, and by the end of every calendar month thereafter, the Compliance Committee shall submit a written progress report to the Board setting forth in detail:

- (a) a description of the action needed to achieve full compliance with each Article of this Agreement;
 - (b) actions taken to comply with each Article of this Agreement; and
 - (c) the results and status of those actions.
- (4) The Board shall provide a summary report of the progress reached in attaining compliance with each Article of this Agreement to the Assistant Deputy Comptroller within ten (10) days of the end of each calendar quarter.

Article III

CAPITAL AND STRATEGIC PLAN

- (1) Effective immediately, the Bank shall only declare dividends:
- (a) when the Bank is in compliance with the Bank's Three-Year Plan as described below;
 - (b) when the Bank is in compliance with 12 U.S.C. §§ 56 and 60; and
 - (c) with the prior written approval from the Assistant Deputy Comptroller, which shall be granted or denied within thirty (30) days of the receipt of a dividend request from the Bank.
- (2) Effective as of the date of this Agreement, the Bank shall not increase its total loans above the amount shown on its books and records as of August 31, 2008, until the Bank corrects the deficiencies in Asset Quality described in the Report of Examination conducted as of March 31, 2008 (the "ROE"), returns the Bank to a satisfactory condition, and the Bank receives a prior written determination of no supervisory objection from the Assistant Deputy Comptroller. For purposes of this Paragraph, the Bank's total loans shall be defined as the amount reported in its Consolidated Report of Condition ("Call Report").

(3) Within ninety (90) days of this Agreement, the Board shall develop a written strategic plan for the Bank covering at least the next three years (hereafter the “Bank’s Three-Year Plan”), complete with specific time frames that incorporate the strategic and other requirements of this Article. A copy of the Bank’s Three-Year Plan shall be forwarded to the Assistant Deputy Comptroller for a prior written determination of no supervisory objection.

(4) The Bank’s Three-Year Plan shall establish objectives and projections for the Bank’s overall risk profile, earnings performance, growth expectations, balance sheet mix, off-balance sheet activities, liability structure, capital and liquidity adequacy, product line development and market segments that the Bank intends to promote or develop, together with specific strategies to achieve those objectives, that are specific, measurable, verifiable, and, at a minimum, address or include:

- (a) an assessment of the Bank’s present and future operating environment;
- (b) the development of strategic goals and quantifiable measures with specific implementation dates to ensure the Bank attains sustained earnings to support capital and liquidity;
- (c) an evaluation of the Bank’s internal operations, staffing requirements, Board and management information systems and policies and procedures for their adequacy and contribution to the accomplishment of the goals and objectives developed pursuant to this Article;
- (d) specific plans to establish responsibilities and accountability for the strategic planning process, new products, proposed changes in the Bank’s operating environment, reduction of problem assets, and maintenance of adequate liquidity;

- (e) control systems to identify and reduce risk to earnings, capital, and liquidity, and risks associated with any proposed changes in the Bank's operating environment;
- (f) recognition that the Bank cannot offer or introduce new products or enter new market segments until it adopts an appropriate credit culture, implements sound liquidity management practices and sound risk management principles, and returns the Bank to a satisfactory condition;
- (g) growth limitations designed to comply with Paragraph (2) of this Article and actions to monitor, control and reduce, where appropriate, significant concentrations of credit;
- (h) specific plans for the maintenance of adequate capital as required by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (the "OCC") and sufficient to be well capitalized under 12 C.F.R. Part 6;
- (i) specific plans for the maintenance of adequate liquidity in accordance with the requirements of Article IV;
- (j) a dividend policy that only permits the declaration of a dividend in accordance with Paragraph (1) of this Article;
- (k) projections for capital and liquidity requirements based upon a detailed analysis of the Bank's assets, liabilities, earnings, fixed assets, and off-balance sheet activities;
- (l) a financial forecast to include projections for major balance sheet and income statement accounts and desired financial ratios over the next three

years that shall address or include consideration of the requirements of this Article; and

- (m) systems to monitor the Bank's progress in meeting the plan's goals and objectives.

(5) Upon receiving a written determination of no supervisory objection from the Assistant Deputy Comptroller, the Board shall immediately implement and thereafter ensure adherence to the Bank's Three-Year Plan.

Article IV

LIQUIDITY MANAGEMENT

(1) Within sixty (60) days of this Agreement, the Board shall develop and submit for a prior written determination of no supervisory objection, a written liquidity program to ensure the Bank maintains liquidity at a level that is sufficient to sustain the Bank's current operations and to withstand any anticipated or extraordinary demand against its funding base, to include at a minimum:

- (a) measures to increase and maintain sufficient on-balance sheet liquidity;
- (b) a significant reduction in reliance upon non-core funding sources, including brokered deposits and credit-sensitive wholesale borrowings;
- (c) the establishment of additional back-up funding sources;
- (d) policies and procedures to ensure the implementation of adequate liquidity planning tools, to include:
 - (i) a review of administrative policies and procedures to ensure they are consistent with the Board's guidance and risk tolerances;

- (ii) specific balance sheet liquidity targets that are consistent with the tools used to measure performance;
 - (iii) reasonable risk limits to control the level of liquidity risk that incorporate forward-looking risk measurements and liability concentration limits such as limits on the amount of funds that may be sourced from any individual customer or groups of customers, or liability concentration limits by instrument; and
- (e) a contingency funding plan that ensures the Bank can remain liquidity solvent through stressed environments and that includes, at a minimum:
- (i) management's best estimate of balance sheet changes that may result from a liquidity or credit event;
 - (ii) specific terms or events that trigger enactment of the plan;
 - (iii) necessary management information systems and reporting criteria for use in crises situations;
 - (iv) management responsibilities for enacting the plan and for taking specific actions once enacted; and
 - (v) prioritization of all sources of funding for the various scenarios including asset side funding, liability side funding, and off-balance sheet funding.

(2) After the OCC has advised the Bank that it does not take supervisory objection to the liquidity program required by this Article, the Board shall immediately implement, and shall thereafter ensure adherence to its terms.

Article V

COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE RISK MANAGEMENT

(1) Within sixty (60) days of this Agreement, the Board shall prepare and submit to the Assistant Deputy Comptroller for a prior written determination of no supervisory objection, a written program (including appropriate revisions to policies and procedures) designed to manage the risk in the Bank's commercial real estate ("CRE") loan portfolio in accordance with the guidelines in OCC Bulletin 2006-46, Concentration in Commercial Real Estate Lending, Sound Risk Management Practices (dated December 6, 2006), Deputy Comptroller Kay Kowitt's letters dated December 12, 2005, October 5, 2007, and April 17, 2008, and the Commercial Real Estate and Construction Lending, A-CRE, of the *Comptroller's Handbook*. The written CRE program should, at a minimum, include:

- (a) the establishment of an overall CRE reduction strategy that includes CRE concentration limits stratified by type, locality and other meaningful measures supported by written analysis;
- (b) monthly monitoring of concentration reports that stratify the CRE portfolio by product type, locality and other meaningful measures;
- (c) strategies and procedures to manage and reduce CRE concentrations to conform with established limits set in Subparagraph (a) of this Article;
- (d) portfolio-level multi-factor stress testing and/or sensitivity analysis to quantify the impact of changing economic conditions on asset quality, earnings, and capital;

- (e) significant individual loan stress testing and/or sensitivity analysis to quantify the impact of changing economic conditions on asset quality, earnings, and capital;
- (f) the establishment of Loan Policy CRE underwriting standards by CRE type that include specific requirements relating to:
 - (i) maximum loan amount and maturity by type of property;
 - (ii) approval authorizations;
 - (iii) minimum file documentation and analysis;
 - (iv) minimum requirements for initial investment and maintenance of hard equity;
 - (v) minimum standards for borrower net worth, property cash flow/debt service, collateral coverage, and guarantor support;
 - (vi) the performance of global cash flow analysis to evaluate the repayment ability of borrowers with multiple projects;
 - (vii) standards for ensuring a complete and accurate assessment of guarantor support;
 - (viii) standards for ensuring that CRE loans have appropriate minimum loan covenants;
 - (ix) minimum standards for the acceptability for using, and defined limits for soft cost and/or interest reserve financing;
 - (x) maximum amortization periods and minimum principal curtailment for CRE and construction projects that are not meeting original projections; and

- (xi) procedures for loan closing and disbursement processes, including the supervised disbursement of construction loan proceeds;
- (g) requirements to ensure participations purchased are consistent with sound banking practices, guidelines set forth in Banking Circular 181 (Revised), dated August 2, 1984, and the requirements of 12 C.F.R. Part 34;
- (h) maintenance of proper collateral margins in loans made for the purpose of constructing or developing real estate, including but not limited to, procedures for ensuring that:
 - (i) periodic, meaningful, well-documented, inspections are performed on all construction projects;
 - (ii) draw requests are advanced in accordance with construction progress and budget;
 - (iii) documentation is maintained of project completion versus amount advanced;
 - (iv) lien waivers are obtained from contractors and sub-contractors; and
 - (v) borrower's hard equity is tracked by project;
- (i) standards for when CRE loan policy exceptions are appropriate, what factors should exist to mitigate exceptions, and how the level and trend of exceptions should be documented, tracked and reported to the Board;
- (j) standards for appraisal ordering and review processes in accordance with Article VI; and
- (k) standards to ensure CRE loans are appropriately risk rated in accordance with Article VII.

(2) Upon receiving a written determination of no supervisory objection from the Assistant Deputy Comptroller, the Board shall immediately implement and thereafter ensure adherence to the program, policies and procedures required by this Article.

(3) At least quarterly, the Board shall submit a written assessment of the Bank's progress in reaching compliance with the policies and procedures required by this Article to the Assistant Deputy Comptroller.

Article VI

APPRAISAL AND EVALUATION PROCESS

(1) Within sixty (60) days of this Agreement, the Board shall revise, adopt, implement and thereafter ensure Bank adherence to a written policy designed to ensure the Bank obtains real estate appraisals and evaluations in compliance with USPAP, 12 C.F.R. Part 34, Advisory Letter 2003-9, and OCC Bulletin 2005-6, to include at a minimum:

- (a) the establishment of criteria for obtaining updated appraisals, new appraisals, and evaluations;
- (b) the development of procedures to ensure that appraisals, updates and evaluations are ordered in a timely manner; and
- (c) the establishment of a tickler system for tracking when appraisals, updates and evaluations are received, reviewed and adjustments are made, as appropriate, to reflect FAS 114 impairment and changes in risk ratings.

Article VII

CREDIT RISK RATINGS AND NONACCRUAL RECOGNITION

(1) Within sixty (60) days of this Agreement, the Board shall develop a program to ensure that the risk associated with the Bank's loans is properly reflected and accounted for on the Bank's books and records, to include, at a minimum, provisions requiring that:

- (a) the Bank's loans and other assets are appropriately and timely risk rated and charged off by the lending officers using a loan grading system that is based upon current facts, existing repayment terms and that is consistent with the guidelines set forth in Rating Credit Risk, A-RCR, of the *Comptroller's Handbook*;
- (b) the Bank's loans and other assets are timely placed on nonaccrual by the lending officers in accordance with the guidelines set forth in the Call Report;
- (c) loan officers are accountable for failing to appropriately and timely risk rate and/or place loans on nonaccrual; and
- (d) loan officer failure to properly risk rate and/or place loans on nonaccrual is considered in periodic performance reviews and compensation.

Article VIII

PROBLEM LOAN MANAGEMENT

(1) Effective as of the date of this Agreement, the Board shall take immediate and continuing action to protect its interest in those assets criticized in the ROE, in any subsequent Report of Examination, by internal or external loan review, or in any list provided to management by the National Bank Examiners during any examination.

(2) The Board's compliance with Paragraph (1) of this Article shall include the development of procedures for the monthly submission and review of problem asset reports for all criticized credit relationships totaling \$500,000 or above, that require, at a minimum, analysis and documentation of the following:

- (a) an identification of the expected sources of repayment and an analysis of their adequacy;
- (b) the appraised value of supporting collateral and the position of the Bank's lien on such collateral where applicable as well as other necessary documentation to support the collateral valuation;
- (c) an analysis of current and satisfactory credit information, including cash flow analysis where loans are to be repaid from operations;
- (d) the proposed action to eliminate the basis of criticism and the time frame for its accomplishment;
- (e) trigger dates for positive borrower actions or for loan officers to reassess the strategy and enact collection plans;
- (f) a determination of whether the loan is impaired and the amount of the impairment, consistent with FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan; and
- (f) for criticized relationships of \$500,000 or above that were made for the purpose of constructing or developing CRE, the reports shall also include:
 - (i) the initial scheduled maturity date of the loan, number of extensions and/or renewals, and current maturity date;

- (ii) project development status;
- (iii) a comparison of development costs to the budgeted amount;
- (iv) a comparison of sales activity to the original sales projections;
- (v) amount of initial interest reserve and the amount of any subsequent additions to the reserve;
- (vi) an assessment of the borrower's global cash flow;
- (vii) an assessment of any guarantor's global cash flow; and
- (viii) any other significant information relating to the project.

(3) Effective as of the date of this Agreement, the Bank may not extend credit, directly or indirectly, including renewals, extensions or capitalization of accrued interest, to a borrower whose loans or other extensions of credit are criticized in the ROE, in any subsequent Report of Examination, in any internal or external loan review, or in any list provided to management by the National Bank Examiners during any examination and whose aggregate loans or other extensions exceed \$500,000, unless each of the following conditions is met:

- (a) the Board or a designated committee thereof finds that the extension of additional credit is necessary to promote the best interests of the Bank and that prior to renewing, extending or capitalizing any additional credit, a majority of the Board or a designated committee thereof approves the credit extension and documents in writing, the reasons that such extension is necessary to promote the best interests of the Bank; and
- (b) the Board's formal plan to collect or strengthen the criticized asset will not be compromised by the extension of credit.

Article IX

ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN AND LEASE LOSSES

(1) Within sixty (60) days of this Agreement, the Board shall adopt, implement, and thereafter ensure adherence to written policies and procedures for maintaining an adequate Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses (“Allowance”) in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The Allowance policies and procedures shall be consistent with the guidance set forth in the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council’s “Interagency Policy Statement on the Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses” dated December 13, 2006 (OCC Bulletin 2006-47), and July 20, 2001 (OCC Bulletin 2001-37), and shall at a minimum include:

- (a) procedures for determining whether a loan is impaired and measuring the amount of impairment, consistent with FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan;
- (b) procedures for segmenting the loan portfolio and estimating loss on groups of loans, consistent with FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 5, Accounting for Contingencies;
- (c) procedures for validating the Allowance methodology;
- (d) procedures to ensure that the estimation of credit losses considers the relevant qualitative and environmental factors, with particular focus on the following:
 - (i) trends in the Bank’s internal risk ratings, delinquent and nonaccrual loans;
 - (ii) results of the Bank’s external loan review;

- (iii) concentrations of credit in the Bank;
- (iv) present and prospective economic conditions; and
- (v) applicable experience of the Bank's lending staff.

(2) The program shall provide for a process for summarizing and documenting, for the Board's review and approval, the amount to be reported in the Call Reports for the Allowance. Any deficiency in the Allowance shall be remedied in the quarter it is discovered, prior to the filing of the Call Report, by additional provisions from earnings. Written documentation shall be maintained indicating the factors considered and conclusions reached by the Board in determining the adequacy of the Allowance.

(3) The Board shall ensure that the Bank has processes, personnel, and control systems to ensure implementation of and adherence to the policies and procedures developed pursuant to this Article.

Article X

CLOSING

(1) Although the Board has agreed to submit certain programs and reports to the Assistant Deputy Comptroller for review or prior written determination of no supervisory objection, the Board has the ultimate responsibility for proper and sound management of the Bank.

(2) It is expressly and clearly understood that if, at any time, the Comptroller deems it appropriate in fulfilling the responsibilities placed upon him by the several laws of the United States of America to undertake any action affecting the Bank, nothing in this Agreement shall in any way inhibit, estop, bar, or otherwise prevent the Comptroller from so doing.

(3) Any time limitations imposed by this Agreement shall begin to run from the effective date of this Agreement. Such time requirements may be extended in writing by the Assistant Deputy Comptroller for good cause upon written application by the Board.

(4) The provisions of this Agreement shall be effective upon execution by the parties hereto and its provisions shall continue in full force and effect unless or until such provisions are amended in writing by mutual consent of the parties to the Agreement or excepted, waived, or terminated in writing by the Comptroller.

(5) In each instance in this Agreement in which the Board is required to ensure adherence to, and undertake to perform certain obligations of the Bank, it is intended to mean that the Board shall:

- (a) authorize and adopt such actions on behalf of the Bank as may be necessary for the Bank to perform its obligations and undertakings under the terms of this Agreement;
- (b) require the timely reporting by Bank management of such actions directed by the Board to be taken under the terms of this Agreement;
- (c) follow up on any noncompliance with such actions in a timely and appropriate manner; and
- (d) require corrective action be taken in a timely manner of any noncompliance with such actions.

(6) This Agreement is intended to be, and shall be construed to be, a supervisory “written agreement entered into with the agency” as contemplated by 12 U.S.C. § 1818(b)(1), and expressly does not form, and may not be construed to form, a contract binding on the Comptroller or the United States. Notwithstanding the absence of mutuality of obligation, or of

consideration, or of a contract, the Comptroller may enforce any of the commitments or obligations herein undertaken by the Bank under his supervisory powers, including 12 U.S.C. § 1818(b)(1), and not as a matter of contract law. The Bank expressly acknowledges that neither the Bank nor the Comptroller has any intention to enter into a contract. The Bank also expressly acknowledges that no officer or employee of the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency has statutory or other authority to bind the United States, the U.S. Treasury Department, the Comptroller, or any other federal bank regulatory agency or entity, or any officer or employee of any of those entities to a contract affecting the Comptroller's exercise of his supervisory responsibilities. The terms of this Agreement, including this paragraph, are not subject to amendment or modification by any extraneous expression, prior agreements or prior arrangements between the parties, whether oral or written.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the undersigned, authorized by the Comptroller, has hereunto set his hand on behalf of the Comptroller.

/s/

Michael G. Koll, Sr.
Assistant Deputy Comptroller
Kansas City—North Field Office

Date

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the undersigned, as the duly elected and acting Board of

Directors of the Bank, have hereunto set their hands on behalf of the Bank.

/s/	9/25/08
_____ Ronald Benjamin /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ D.F. Bradley /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ Erma (Lee) Glasnapp /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ Randy Glasnapp /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ Daniel H. Lowe /s/	_____ Date 10/21/08
_____ George A. Lowe /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ Dennis Meyer /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ Nick Pflumm /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ Brian Roby /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ Dale Schwader /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ George Thompson /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ C. J. Weltsch /s/	_____ Date 9/25/08
_____ Cheryl G. Wright	_____ Date